A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A1.	Address Information
	Name of College or University Santa Clara University
	Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 500 El Camino Real, Santa Clara, CA 95053
	Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country
	Main Phone Number 408-554-4000
	WWW Home Page Address <u>www.scu.edu</u>
	Admissions Phone Number 408-554-4700
	Admissions Toll-free Number
	Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country 500 El Camino Real, Santa Clara, CA 95053
	Admissions Fax Number 408-554-5255
	Admissions E-mail Address admission@scu.edu
	If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: https://www.commonapp.org/
	If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:
4.2	
A2.	Source of institutional control (check one only)
	☐ Public
	Private (nonprofit)
	☐ Proprietary
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution:
	☐ Coeducational college
	☐ Men's college
	☐ Women's college
A4.	Academic year calendar
	Semester 4-1-4
	Quarter Continuous
	☐ Trimester ☐ Differs by program (describe): Undergraduate and
	Graduate programs are on the quarter system, except for Law
	and the Jesuit School of Theology, which are on semester
	Other (describe):
A5.	Degrees offered by your institution
	Certificate Postbachelor's certificate
	☐ Diploma ☐ Master's
	Associate Post-master's certificate
	☐ Transfer ☐ Doctoral degree
	research/scholarship
	☐ Terminal ☐ Doctoral degree –
	professional practice
	☐ Bachelor's ☐ Doctoral degree other

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women

Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2016. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

	FULL-TIME		PART	Г-ТІМЕ
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	650	666	0	1
Other first-year, degree- seeking	60	69	0	1
All other degree-seeking	1954	1934	46	30
Total degree-seeking	2664	2669	46	32
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	7	13	3	4
Total undergraduates	2671	2682	49	36
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	337	375	96	114
All other degree-seeking	520	590	416	476
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	5	5	36	14
Total graduate	862	970	548	604

Total all undergraduates: 5438

 ${\it Total\ all\ graduate:}\ 2984$

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS: 8422

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category.

Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2016. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	56	213	214
Hispanic/Latino	227	932	932
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	44	181	181
White, non-Hispanic	662	2640	2644
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic	3	6	6
Asian, non-Hispanic	216	899	900
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	1	8	8
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	86	370	370
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	22	162	183
Total	1317	5411	5438

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2015, to June 30, 2016.

Certificate/diploma

Associate degrees

Bachelor's degrees 1353 Postbachelor's certificates 174 Master's degrees 1147

Post-master's certificates

Doctoral degrees - research/scholarship

Doctoral degrees – professional practice 218 Doctoral degrees – other 5

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2016 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2010 cohort if available. If Fall 2010 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2009 cohort.

Fall 2009 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2009. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2009.

Fall 2010 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2010. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2010.

	I
B4. Initial 2009 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:	B4. Initial 2010 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 1296
B5. Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	B5. Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: 1
B6. Final 2009 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (Subtract question B5 from question B4)	B6. Final 2010 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 1295 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
B7. Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2013):	B7. Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2014): 1056
B8 . Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2013 and by August 31, 2014):	B8 . Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2014 and by August 31, 2015): 77
B9. Of the initial 2009 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2014 and by August 31, 2015):	B9. Of the initial 2010 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2015 and by August 31, 2016): 15
B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):1148
B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2009 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): %	B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2010 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): 88.6 %
For Two-Y	ear Institutions
Please provide data for the 2013 cohort if available. If 2013	cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2012 cohort.
2012 Cohort	2013 Cohort
B12. Initial 2012 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:	B12. Initial 2013 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13. Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:	B13. Of the initial 2013 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanently disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2012 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12)	B14. Final 2013 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):	B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years	B16. Completers of programs of less than two years

within 150 percent of normal time:	within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):	B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:	B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:
B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:	B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:	B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:	B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2015 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2015 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2016? 96 %

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 20 who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placen applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-admission.	16. Include early decision, early action, and students d include only those students who fulfilled the actionable applications) and who have been notified nent on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	7379 8455
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	3377 4271
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrol Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrol	
C2. Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission recontingent on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2016 admissions.	es No
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list Number accepting a place on the waiting list Number of wait-listed students admitted 1364 199	2277
Is your waiting list ranked? No If yes, do you release that information to students? Do you release that information to school counselors?	
Admission Requirements C3. High school completion requirement Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completic High school diploma is required and GED is accepted High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted High school diploma or equivalent is not required	on requirement for degree-seeking entering students:
C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-	preparatory program for degree-seeking students?
 ☑ Require ☐ Recommend ☐ Neither require nor recommend 	

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	14	18+
English	4	4
Mathematics	3	4
Science	2	3
Of these, units that must be lab	2	3
Foreign language	2	3 to 4
Social studies	3	3
History	Included in S	ocial Studies
Academic electives	0	0
Computer Science	0	0
Visual/Performing Arts	0	1
Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection
C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:
Open admission policy as described above for all students
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but
selective admission for out-of-state students
selective admission to some programs
other (explain)

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

degree-seeking (freshman) admission	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic Rigor of secondary school record Class rank Academic GPA Standardized test scores Application Essay Recommendation Nonacademic				
Interview Extracurricular activities Talent/ability Character/personal qualities First generation Alumni/ae relation Geographical residence State residency Religious affiliation/commitment Racial/ethnic status Volunteer work Work experience Level of applicant's interest				

SAT and ACT Policies

A. Does your institution make use of SA degree-seeking applicants? X Yes		r SAT Subject T	est sco	ores in admis	sion decisions f	for first-time, first-year
If yes, place check marks in the appropriate Fall 2018.	riate boxes b	pelow to reflect	your ii	nstitution's po	olicies for use ir	admission for
	Require	Recommend	Re	IISSION quire for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT ACT only SAT only SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT						
B. If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2018 please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process): ACT with writing required ACT with writing recommended ACT with or without writing accepted If your institution will make use of the SAT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2018 please indicate which ONE of the following applies (regardless of whether the Essay score will be used in the admissions process): SAT with Essay component required SAT with ESSAY component recommended SAT with or without ESSAY component accepted						
C. Please indicate how your institution		SAT es		ACT essay		
For admission				<u>Ц</u>		
For placement						
For advising						
In place of an application ess						
As a validity check on the app	olication ess	say 🔲				
No college policy as of now						
Not using essay component						
D. In addition, does your institution use yes _X_ no	applicants'	test scores for a	cadem	nic advising?		
E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT Latest date by which SAT Subject	Test scores	must be receive	d for f	all-term admi	ssion	_
F. If necessary, use this space to clarif not required of some students):	y your test	policies (e.g., if	tests a	re recommen	ided for some st	udents, or if tests are
G. Please indicate which tests your in SAT	stitution use	es for placeme n	t (e.g.,	, state tests):		

AP	
CLEP	
Institutional Exam	
State Exam (specify):	

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2016, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2016 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. Do convert New SAT scores (2016) to Old SAT scores using the College Board's concordance tools and tables (sat.org/concordance).

The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	50%_	Number submitting SAT scores	662
Percent submitting ACT scores	56%	Number submitting ACT scores	743

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	590	680
SAT Math	610	720
SAT Writing		
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite	28	32
ACT Math		
ACT English		
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	21	31	
600-699	52	52	
500-599	25	16	
400-499	2	1	
300-399			
200-299			
	100%	100%	100%

	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	53		
24-29	45		
18-23	2		
12-17			
6-11			
Below 6			
	100%	100%	100%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class 51%

Percent in top quarter of high school graduating Percent in top half of high school graduating of Percent in bottom half of high school graduating Percent in bottom quarter of high school gradu Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman)	lass ng class ating clas		,	p half + bottom half = 100%. gh school class rank: 16%
C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, point averages within each of the following from whom you collected high school GPA.				
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74 Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49 Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	43% 33% 19% 4%			
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	1%	_		
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0	100%			
C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seel 3.67	king, firs	t-time, fir	st-year	(freshman) students who submitted GPA:
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students	s who subr	nitted hi	gh school GPA: 100%
Admission Policies				
C13. Application fee				
Does your institution have an application fee? Amount of application fee: \$60.00		\triangleright	Yes	□No
Can it be waived for applicants with financial in	need?		Yes	□No
If you have an application fee and an on-line app Same fee: <u>X</u> Free: Reduced:	plication	option, p	lease inc	dicate policy for students who apply on-line:
Can on-line application fee be waived for applic	ants with	i financial	need?	Yes
C14. Application closing date				
Does your institution have an application closi Application closing date (fall): <u>January 7th</u> Priority date:	ng date?		Yes	□No
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted	for term	s other th	an the f	fall? ☐ Yes ⊠ No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission deci	ision sent	t (fill in on	e only)	
On a rolling basis beginning (date):By (date): Late March Other:				
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in	n one only	v)		
Must reply by (date): May 1st No set date: Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if Other:	f notified	thereafter		

Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): <u>05/01</u> Amount of housing deposit: <u>\$250.00</u>
Refundable if student does not enroll?
X Yes, in full
Yes, in part No
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? ∑ Yes □ No
If yes, maximum period of postponement: One year, unless serving required military service or mission work
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? ☐ Yes ☐ No
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date November 1st Late December
Other early decision plan closing date Other early decision plan notification date
For the Fall 2016 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution 313 Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan 220
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
 C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? ☑ Yes ☐ No If "yes," please complete the following: Early action closing date November 1st Early action notification date Late December
Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?
☐ Yes No
D. TRANSFER ADMISSION
Fall Applicants
D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? ☐ Yes ☐ No (If no, please skip to Section E) If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities? ☐ Yes ☐ No

D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in Fall 2016.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	384	148	60
Women	387	183	70
Total	771	331	130

Application	for	Admission
-------------	-----	-----------

D3.	Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:
	☐ Fall ☐ Winter ☐ Spring ☐ Summer
D4.	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman Yes No
	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure? <u>8 Semester Units or 12 Quarter Units</u>
D5	Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
High school transcript	X				
College transcript(s)	X				
Essay or personal statement	X				
Interview					X
Standardized test scores				X	
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)				X	

D6.	If a minimum	high school	grade point	average is	required of	of transfer	applicants,	specify
	(on a 4.0 scale	e):						

- **D7**. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): 3.3 to 3.5 depending on the program
- **D8**. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: https://www.scu.edu/admission/undergraduate/transfer-students/

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		April 15			Yes
Winter		October 1			
Spring					
Summer					

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? \square Yes \square No
D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:
Transfer Credit Policies
D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: <u>C (2.0)</u>
D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number 87.5 to 97.5, depending on program Unit type Quarter
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number 87.5 to 97.5, depending on program Unit type Quarter
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 87.5 to 97.5, depending on program. Minimum represents ½ of total units required per program.
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:
The Santa Clara University Undergraduate program is on the quarter system. As a general guide to convert quarter units
into semester units, multiply the quarter units by 0.666

E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs	available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
□ Accelerated program □ Cooperative education program □ Cross-registration □ Distance learning □ Double major □ Dual enrollment □ English as a Second Language (ESL) □ Exchange student program (domestic) □ External degree program □ Other (specify):	 ☐ Honors program ☐ Independent study ☐ Internships ☐ Liberal arts/career combination ☐ Student-designed major ☐ Study abroad ☐ Teacher certification program ☐ Weekend college
E2. Has been removed from the CDS.	
E3. Areas in which all or most students are require	red to complete some course work prior to graduation:
☐ Computer literacy ☐ English (including composition) ☐ Foreign languages	Humanities Mathematics Philosophy Sciences (biological or physical) Social science
F. STUDENT LIFE	

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2016 who fit the following categories:

enroned in Fan 2010 who lit the following categories:		
	First-time, first-year	Undergraduates
	(freshman) students	S
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident		
aliens from the numerator and denominator)	42%	28%
Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	0%
Percent of women who join sororities	0%	0%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	95%	55%
Percent who live off campus or commute	5%	45%
Percent of students age 25 and older	0	1%
Average age of full-time students	18	21
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	21

F2.	Activities offered Identify thos	e programs	available at your	institution.
	 ☐ Campus Ministries ☐ Choral groups ☐ Concert band ☐ Dance ☐ Drama/theater ☐ International Student ☐ Organization ☐ Jazz band 	March Mode Music	ensembles al theater	 ☐ Radio station ☐ Student government ☐ Student newspaper ☐ Student-run film society ☐ Symphony orchestra ☐ Television station ☐ Yearbook
F3.	ROTC (program offered in coo	peration w	ith Reserve Offic	ers' Training Corps)
	Army ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institut Naval ROTC is offered: On campus At cooperating institut Air Force ROTC is offered: On campus			
	At cooperating institut	ion (name)	: San Jose State	<u>University</u>
F4.	Housing: Check all types of coinstitution.	llege-owne	d, -operated, or -a	iffiliated housing available for undergraduates at your
	 	students	☐ Special less Fraternit☐ Coopera☐ Theme h☐ Wellness	

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

G0. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator: $\underline{\text{https://www.scu.edu/financialaid/net-price-calculator/}}$

Pro inst		2017-2018 academic year costs o ion.	of attendance for the following	categories that are applicable	e to your
	app	eck here if your institution's 2017-2 proximate date (i.e., month/day) whilable:			
G 1.	Lis aca hou Jun Roc inc	the typical tuition, required fees, a demic year (30 semester hours or 4 ar cost by number of credits). A full e; usually equated to two semesters om and board is defined as double of lude only charges that all full-time twity fees.) Do <i>not</i> include optional	and room and board for a full-ting 5 quarter hours for institutions to a lacademic year refers to the period, two trimesters, three quarters, occupancy and 19 meals per weat students must pay that are <i>not</i> in	hat derive annual tuition by mu iod of time generally extending or the period covered by a four ek or the maximum meal plan. I acluded in tuition (e.g., registrat	Itiplying credit from September to -one-four plan. Required fees
			FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES	_
		PRIVATE INSTITUTION	\$49,233	\$49,233	
		Tuition:			1
		PUBLIC INSTITUTION			
		Tuition:			
		In-district:			+
		In-state (out-of-district):			
		Out-of-state:			
		NONRESIDENT ALIEN:			†
		Tuition:			
			4.00	A 12.5	4
		REQUIRED FEES:	\$625	\$625	
		ROOM AND BOARD:	\$14,487	\$14,487	1
		(on-campus)	42.,12.	42.,12.	
		ROOM ONLY:			1
		(on-campus)			
		BOARD ONLY:]
		(on-campus meal plan)]
		Comprehensive tuition and room an	nd board fee (if your college can	not provide separate tuition and	room and board
		Other:			
		Juiet			
G2.	Nu	mber of credits per term a studer	nt can take for the stated full-t	ime tuition 12 minimur	mmaximum
G3.	Do	tuition and fees vary by year of s	study (e.g., sophomore, junior,	senior)?	⊠ No
G4.	Do	tuition and fees vary by undergr	aduate instructional program	?	⊠ No
If y	es, 1	vhat percentage of full-time unde	ergraduates pay more than the	tuition and fees reported in C	5 1?

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,854	\$1,854	\$1,854
Room only:			
Board only:		\$5,247	
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			\$13,293
Transportation:	\$837	\$1,098	\$1,233
Other expenses:	\$2,403	\$3,276	\$3,006

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2015-2016 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2015-2016 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year 2016-2017 estimated	r for which data are reported for items H1 , H2 , H2A , and H6 below: or \square 2015-2016 final
Which needs-analysis met	hodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
Federal methodology	(FM)
Institutional methodo	logy (IM)
X Both FM and IM	

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	(Include non-need-based	(Exclude non-need-based
	aid use to meet need.)	aid use to meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	2,822,923.00	0.00
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	4,354,936.00	45,420.00
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	50,532,992.00	23,798,594.00
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	979,399.01	882,387.00
Total Scholarships/Grants	58,690,250.01	24,726,401.00
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	7,927,881.00	1,193,500.00
Federal Work-Study	514,975.00	0.00
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	52,447	171,011
Total Self-Help	8,495,303	1,364,511
Parent Loans	7,974,684.00	1,302,609.00
Tuition Waivers Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	941,246.00	2,601,067.00
Athletic Awards	1,330,760.44	4,621,372.96

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2016 cohort)	1317	5411	
b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	778	3,103	
c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	544	2,435	
d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	526	1,945	
e)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	474	1,736	
f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	188	979	
g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	281	803	
h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (<u>exclude PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	242	758	
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	85.6%	76.1%	%
j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$36,762	\$34,298	\$
k)	Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$28,790	\$27,281	\$
1)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and <u>private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f	\$3,560	\$5,199	\$
m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$3,333	\$4,976	\$

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time	Full-time	Less Than
		Full-time	Undergrad	Full-time
		Freshmen	(Incl. Fresh)	Undergrad
n)	Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were	332	1,417	
	awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude			
	those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
0)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and			
	grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$11,456	\$14,378	\$
p)	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-	69	195	
	need-based athletic scholarship or grant			
q)	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic			
	scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$34,497	\$49,835	\$

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5. Include:

- * 2016 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * students who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.
- parent loans
- * students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree.

H4. Provide the number of students in the 2016 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016. Exclude students who transferred into your institution. 1163

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources. The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

Source/Type of	of Loan	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per-undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
Feder Unsu priva awar Direc	loan program: Federal Perkins, eral Stafford Subsidized and absidized, institutional, state, ate loans that your institution is ere of, etc. Include both Federal ct Student Loans and Federal ily Education Loans.	507	43.6%	\$27385
Perki and U Feder	eral loan programs: Federal ins, Federal Stafford Subsidized Unsubsidized. Include both eral Direct Student Loans and eral Family Education Loans.	501	43.1%	\$21085
c) Instit	tutional loan programs.	0	0%	\$0
d) State	e loan programs.	0	0%	\$0
e) Priva	ate student loans made by a bank nder.	0	0%	\$0

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens

(Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

r	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available
	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid: 28
	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ 36,234.98
	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ 1,014,579.53
Н7. (Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
	Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE International Student's Financial Aid Application International Student's Certification of Finances Other:
	eess for First-Year/Freshman Students
H8. (Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
	FAFSA Institution's own financial aid form CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE State aid form Noncustodial PROFILE Business/Farm Supplement Other:
H9. I	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:
	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: February 1st Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):
Н10.	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):
	a.) Students notified on or about (date): <u>April 1st</u>
	b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: No If yes, starting date:
Н11.	. Indicate reply dates:
	Students must reply by (date): May 1st or within 2 weeks of notification.

Types of Aid Available

Please	check	off all	types o	f aid	available	to unde	rgraduates :	at vour	institution:

H12. Loans

\boxtimes	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify): Private Credit Based
H13. Sc	holarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United Negro College Fund Federal Nursing Scholarship Other (specify):

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics			Leadership
	X	Alumni affiliation			Minority status
		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
		Job skills			State/district residency
X		ROTC			

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiation institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving cost certain income level please provide details below:	s for families below a

I-1. Instructional Faculty Members

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2016. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or predoctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	544	360	904
b.) Total number who are members of	145	75	220
minority groups			
c.) Total number who are women	245	174	419
d.) Total number who are men	299	186	485
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	7	0	7
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	515	227	742
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	27	116	143
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	1	14	15
i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	1	3	4
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	105	84	189

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2016 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2016 Student to Faculty ratio: 11 to 1 (based on 6065 students and 536 faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

SECTIONS

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2016 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2016. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS	103	307	286	215	24	8	0	943
SECTIONS								
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB-	16	52	27	2	1	Λ	Λ	98

J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2016

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/	Assoc	Bachelor's	CIP 2010
	Certificates			Categories to
Agriculture				Include 1
Natural resources and conservation			2 2 01 44	3
Architecture			3, 2.91, 44	4
			1 0 00 15	5
Area, ethnic, and gender studies			1, 0.99, 15 9, 8.53, 129	9
Communication/journalism Communication technologies			9, 8.33, 129	10
			1.066.10	11
Computer and information sciences			1, 0.66, 10	12
Personal and culinary services				
Education			15 14 00 225	13
Engineering			15, 14.88, 225	14
Engineering technologies			2 2 2 2 2 4	15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			2, 2.25, 34	16
Family and consumer sciences			1, 1.26, 19	19
Law/legal studies				22
English			3, 2.71, 41	23
Liberal arts/general studies	Moved from 0 to 1		1, 0.13, 2	24
Library science				25
Biological/life sciences			7, 6.94, 105	26
Mathematics and statistics			1, 0.99, 15	27
Military science and military technologies				28 and 29
Interdisciplinary studies			2, 1.52, 23	30
Parks and recreation				31
Philosophy and religious studies			1, 1.39, 21	38
Theology and religious vocations				39
Physical sciences			1, 1.32, 20	40
Science technologies				41
Psychology			6, 6.02, 91	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement,				43
firefighting, and protective services				
Public administration and social services				44
Social sciences			16, 16.40, 248	45
Construction trades				46
Mechanic and repair technologies				47
Precision production				48
Transportation and materials moving				49
Visual and performing arts			3, 3.31, 50	50
Health professions and related programs			3, 3.24, 49	51
Business/marketing			23, 23.41, 354	52
History			1, 1.12, 17	54

Other	100%, 99.98%, 1512
TOTAL	Rounded%,
	Actual%, Count